



HOYA pallida.

Pale-flowered Hoya.

PENTANDRIA DIGYNIA.

Nat. ord. ASCLEPIADEÆ.

HOYA, R. Br.—*Massæ pollinis læves*, 10, erecto-conniventes. *Antheræ membranâ terminatæ*. *Coronæ stamineæ 5-phyllæ, foliolis depressis, angulo interiore producto in dentem antheræ incumbentem*. *Cor. rotata*. *Brown in Hort. Kew. 2.84.*

H. pallida; foliis ovato-lanceolatis acuminatis carnosis venosis, umbellâ hemisphæricâ compactâ.

Obs. *Hoya carnosâ* differt, præter characteribus suprâ datis, colore foliorum multò intensiore, floribus rubicundis odoratoribus, laciniis corollæ acutioribus.

This new species of *Hoya* has been known for a long time to exist in collections, but we believe that the specimen from which our drawing was made, was the first flowering branch that had been produced. It was communicated to us in July 1825, by His Grace the Duke of Northumberland, from his noble garden at Sion House.

From *Hoya carnosâ*, and all its seedling varieties, *H. pallida* may be readily distinguished by the pallid hue which pervades every part; an absence of colouring which extends even into the flowers. The latter are less fragrant, and their segments are less acute than those of *H. carnosâ*.

A hothouse climber, of the easiest culture.

J. L.