



HOYA campanulata.

Bell-flowered Hoya.

PENTANDRIA MONOGYNIA.

Nat. ord. ASCLEPIADACEÆ. (ASCLEPIADS, *Vegetable Kingdom*, p. 623.)

HOYA, R. Br.—*Calyx* quinquepartitus. *Corolla* rotata, quinquefida. *Corona staminea* pentaphylla, foliolis depressis, carnosis, angulo interiore in dentem antheræ incumbentem producto. *Antheræ* appendice membranacea terminatæ. *Pollinia* basi affixa, conniventia, compressa. *Stigma* muticum v. subapiculatum. *Folliculi* læves. *Semina* plurima, ad umbilicum comosa. — Suffrutices in Asia et Nova-Hollandia tropica indigeni, volubiles v. decumbentes, sæpe radicales; foliis oppositis, carnosis v. membranaceis, umbellis interpetiolaribus, multifloris.—Endl. gen. 3501.

§ II. *Leaves coriaceous, transversely veined, green.*—Decaisne.

H. *campanulata*; volubilis glabra, foliis ovalibus acuminatis breviter petiolatis, pedunculis petiolis longioribus, umbellâ multiflorâ, corollâ campanulata 5-dentatâ.

Hoya *campanulata*, Blume *Bijdragen*, p. 1064.

Physostelma ? *campanulatum*, Decaisne in *DeCand. prodr.* 8. 633.

This very curious plant is a native of Java, where it was found by Dr. Blume, who describes it as an inhabitant of mountain thickets on the west of the island; it is called by the natives *Tjunkankan*, and flowers all the year round. Its introduction is due to Messrs. Veitch, of Exeter, to whom it was sent by Mr. Thomas Lobb, and from whom we received the specimen now represented in April, 1846.

Its habit is altogether that of a thin-leaved Hoya, but its peculiarly formed corolla gives it a different appearance. On this account M. Decaisne removes it to the genus *Physostelma*, but as he does so doubtfully, and as it wants the bladdery coronet which is proper to that genus, giving it its name, it does not seem desirable that the current nomenclature should be disturbed.

It requires the same treatment as *Hoya carnosâ*.